

Cyber Security and Risk Management Specialist

The graphic features a central circular diagram with the Digital Point logo in the center. Surrounding the logo are six colored segments representing different services: Managed Security (purple), Remediate (light blue), Risk Assessment (green), Audit (red), Evaluate (pink), and Compliance Services (black). To the right of the diagram is an illustration of a laptop with a blue glow, surrounded by a circular field of binary code (0s and 1s) and glowing blue lines, suggesting a digital or network environment.

Cyber Security & IT Risk Management

DEFEND YOUR ORGANIZATION AGAINST CYBER THREATS

Training Methodology

- Digital point is a global classroom. All classes are featured online (No recorded version). Students around world can join this online live class
- Each class is instructor oriented live class and will be recorded, and students will get access to watch video for practice.
- Real-world scenario labs.
- VPN access to digital Point's Lab that is accessible from anywhere 24/7
- Class Notes and Labs for each class

Contact Us

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Cyber Security Market Scope:

Cybersecurity jobs are in high demand. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the rate of growth for jobs in information security is projected at 37% from 2012–2022 that's much faster than the average for all other occupations. Obtaining work in this industry can mean a great income, job security, and advancement potential. There are many business opportunities, including company management positions, available for professional hackers in today's workforce.

The Highest-Paid Cybersecurity Jobs:

- **Application Security Engineer:** This cybersecurity role tops the list with an average salary range that falls between \$100,000 to \$210,000, according to Salary Outlook guide.
- **Network Security Analyst:** Another of the highest-paid cybersecurity jobs, Network Security Analysts make on average between \$90,000 and \$150,000.
- **Cybersecurity Analyst:** The average annual salary for this cybersecurity title falls between \$90,000 and \$185,000.
- **Penetration Tester:** The Penetration Tester role nets an average salary between \$80,000 and \$130,000.
- **IS Security Engineer:** This role nets an average salary range of \$90,000 to \$150,000.

Benefit of the Course:

- >> **Better Job Opportunities:** If you are looking for a new job, completion of this course, you can apply as a Cyber Security Specialist/Engineer/ IS Security Engineer/Security Analyst
- >> **Improved Skills & Knowledge:** If you are already a QA/IT professional, completion of this course will improve your skills to latest technologies.
- >> **Increased Salary:** Cyber Security professionals are the highest paid in the IT industry.

Prerequisites:

1. A bachelor degree in any background
2. You must have good presentation skills

Course Duration (4 months, every Sat and Sun)

Class Schedule: SAT & SUN 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM EST
MON & WED 6:00 PM - 10:00 PM EST
TUE & THU 6:00 PM - 10:00 PM EST

Training Methodology:

- Real-world scenario labs.
- One dedicated Server for each student that is accessible from anywhere 24/7
- Class Notes and Labs for each class
- Each class is instructor oriented live class and will be recorded, and students will get access to watch video for practice.

Why choose us?

- Digital point is a global classroom. All classes are featured online (No recorded version). Students around world can join this online live class.
- The course is very interactive and has lots of lab practice with it. A remote server will be provided to each student for lab practice.
- We help you with Resume preparation, Interview preparation, before and after job support
- Student can repeat the same program two times with no extra cost.

Course Curriculum

Phase 1: Foundation Training

- Module 1** Overview of enterprise applications and N-Tier Infrastructure
- Module 2** Operating System –Windows Server 2012/2016, UNIX
- Module 3** Networking, Active Directory and DNS
- Module 4** Power Shell Scripting, Batch Scripting
- Module 5** Incident, Problem and Change Management process

- Module 6** Infrastructure setup
 - Installation of Virtual Machine on Physical Server
 - Installation of Virtual Machine on Cloud

- Configure VPN
- Connect Remote Windows Servers
- Connect Remote Unix Server

Phase 2: Security Management

Module 7

- **Identifying Security Fundamentals**
 - Identify Information Security Concepts
 - Identify Basic Security Controls
 - Identify Basic Authentication and Authorization Concepts
 - Identify Basic Cryptography Concepts

Module 8

- **Analyzing Risk**
 - Analyze Organizational Risk
 - Analyze the Business Impact of Risk

Module 9

- **Identifying Security Threats**
 - Identify Social Engineering Attacks
 - Identify Malware
 - Identify Software-Based Threats
 - Identify Network-Based Threats
 - Identify Wireless Threats
 - Identify Physical Threats

Module 10

- **Conducting Security Assessments**
 - Identify Vulnerabilities
 - Assess Vulnerabilities
 - Plan for remediation of findings

Module 11

- **Implementing Host and Software Security**
 - Implement Host Security
 - Implement Cloud and Virtualization Security
 - Implement Mobile Device Security
 - Incorporate Security in the Software Development Lifecycle

Module 12

- **Implementing Network Security**

- Configure Network Security Technologies
- Secure Network Design Elements
- Implement Secure Networking Protocols and Services
- Secure Wireless Traffic

Module 13

- **Managing Identity and Access**

- Implement Identity and Access Management
- Configure Directory Services
- Configure Access Services
- Manage Accounts

Module 14

- **Implementing Cryptography**

- Identify Advanced Cryptography Concepts
- Select Cryptographic Algorithms
- Configure a Public Key Infrastructure
- Enroll Certificates
- Back Up and Restore Certificates and Private Keys
- Revoke Certificates

Module 15

- **Implementing Operational Security**

- Evaluate Security Frameworks and Guidelines
- Incorporate Documentation in Operational Security
- Implement Security Strategies
- Manage Data Security Processes
- Implement Physical Controls

Module 16

- **Addressing Security Incidents**

- Troubleshoot Common Security Issues
- Respond to Security Incidents

- Investigate Security Incidents

Module 17

- **Ensuring Business Continuity**
 - Select Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Processes
 - Develop a Business Continuity Plan

Module 18

- **Network Penetration Test**
 - Plan for Network Penetration Testing
 - External Network Penetration Testing
 - Internal Network Penetration Testing
 - Wireless Network Penetration Testing
 - Generate Report for Network Penetration Testing

Module 19

- **Application Penetration Test**
 - Plan for application Penetration Testing
 - External Application Penetration Testing
 - Internal Application Penetration Testing
 - Generate Report for Application Penetration Testing

Module 20

- **DDoS**
 - Overview of DDoS
 - How to onboard an application under DDoS
 - Monitoring Application under DDoS

Module 21

- **Web Application Firewall (WAF)**
 - Overview of WAF
 - How to onboard an application under WAF
 - Monitoring Application under WAF
 - WAF Blocking mode vs alert mode

Module 22

- **Policies, Standards, Guideline**
 - Overview of Policies ,Standards and Guidelines
 - ISO format
 - Application Security policy ,standards
 - Network Security policy, standards

Phase 3: Real-World Project

Module 23 Boot Camp

- Boot Camp with real-world project - Each student will be required to complete a real-time project lab that covers the entire course curriculum.

Phase 4: Job Marketing

Module 24 Real-world Job Interview Preparation

- Professional real-world Resume Writing
- Project Analysis
- Interview Preparation
- Mock Interview

LABS

- **Information Gathering**
 - Network information gathering
 - Application and domain information gathering
- **Identifying Security Threats**
 - Identify Social Engineering Attacks
 - Identify Malware
 - Identify Software-Based Threats
 - Identify Network-Based Threats
 - Identify Wireless Threats
 - Identify Physical Threats
- **Conducting Security Assessments**
 - Identify Vulnerabilities

- Assess Vulnerabilities
- Plan for remediation of findings

- **Vulnerability Scanning**
 - Vulnerability Scanning Overview and Considerations 206
 - How Vulnerability Scanners Work
 - Manual vs. Automated Scanning
 - Internet scanning vs Internal Scanning
 - Authenticated vs Unauthenticated Scanning
 - Vulnerability Scanning with Nessus
 - Authenticated Scanning With Nessus
 - Vulnerability Scanning with Nmap

- **Web Application Attacks**
 - Web Application Assessment Methodology
 - Web Application Enumeration
 - Inspecting URLs
 - Inspecting Page Content
 - Viewing Response Headers
 - Inspecting Sitemaps
 - Locating Administration Consoles
 - Web Application Assessment Tools
 - DIRB
 - Burp Suite
 - Nikto
 - Exploiting Web-based Vulnerabilities
 - Exploiting Admin Consoles
 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
 - Directory Traversal Vulnerabilities
 - File Inclusion Vulnerabilities
 - SQL Injection

- **Password Attacks**
 - Wordlists
 - Standard Wordlists
 - Brute Force Wordlists
 - Common Network Service Attack Methods
 - HTTP htaccess Attack with Medusa
 - Remote Desktop Protocol Attack with Crowbar
 - SSH Attack with THC-Hydra
 - HTTP POST Attack with THC-Hydra
 - Leveraging Password Hashes

- Retrieving Password Hashes
- Passing the Hash in Windows
- Password Cracking

- **Active Directory Attacks**
 - Active Directory Theory
 - Active Directory Enumeration
 - Active Directory Authentication
 - NTLM Authentication
 - Kerberos Authentication
 - Cached Credential Storage and Retrieval
 - Service Account Attacks
 - Low and Slow Password Guessing
 - Active Directory Lateral Movement
 - Pass the Hash
 - Overpass the Hash
 - Pass the Ticket
 - Distributed Component Object Model
 - Active Directory Persistence
 - Golden Tickets
 - Domain Controller Synchronization

- **Network Penetration Test**
 - Plan for Network Penetration Testing
 - External Network Penetration Testing
 - Internal Network Penetration Testing
 - Wireless Network Penetration Testing
 - Foot printing
 - Scanning and Enumeration
 - System Hacking
 - Malware
 - Sniffing
 - Social Engineering
 - Denial of Service
 - Session Hijacking

- **Application Penetration Test**
 - Plan for application Penetration Testing
 - External Application Penetration Testing
 - Internal Application Penetration Testing
 - Web Servers and Apps
 - SQL Injection

- OWASP top 10
- **Network exploitation**
 - FTP Exploits
 - Man-in-the middle exploits
 - Wireless Exploits
 - Application Exploits
 - SQL Injection
 - Code Vulnerabilities
 - Local Host Vulnerabilities
 - Privileged Escalation (Unix)
 - privileged Escalation (Windows)
- **Penetration Tet Reports**
 - Network Penetration Test Report
- **Remediation**
 - Design remediation strategy

Cybersecurity Ventures predicts there will be 3.5 million
cybersecurity job openings by 2021